

WELCOME TO GCSE GEOGRAPHY



WHERE WILL IT TAKE US TODAY?

TOPIC 7: UK IN THE 21ST CENTURY

7.1: HOW IS THE UK CHANGING IN THE 21ST CENTURY?

**a) What does the UK look like in the 21st
century? [population]**

15/01/2018

LEARNING IS SUCCESSFUL WHEN I ...

Know:

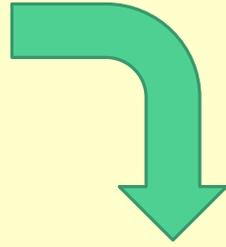
- The difference between GB, UK and British Isles
- The pattern of population density of the UK and its major cities [2]

Understand:

- why population is unevenly distributed, linking it to physical and human factors
- Why there is a chronic housing shortage in South East England [4-6]

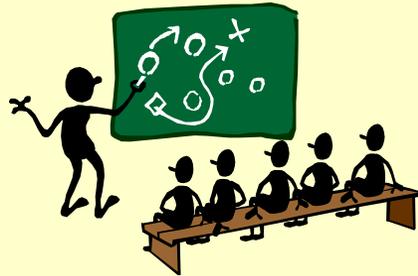
NB: Levels stop at [6] as this reflects the level of difficulty of questions that would be asked on this aspect of this topic on a GCSE paper





PRESENT NEW INFORMATION

LOOK, LISTEN, LEARN



THE UNITED KINGDOM

3
mins

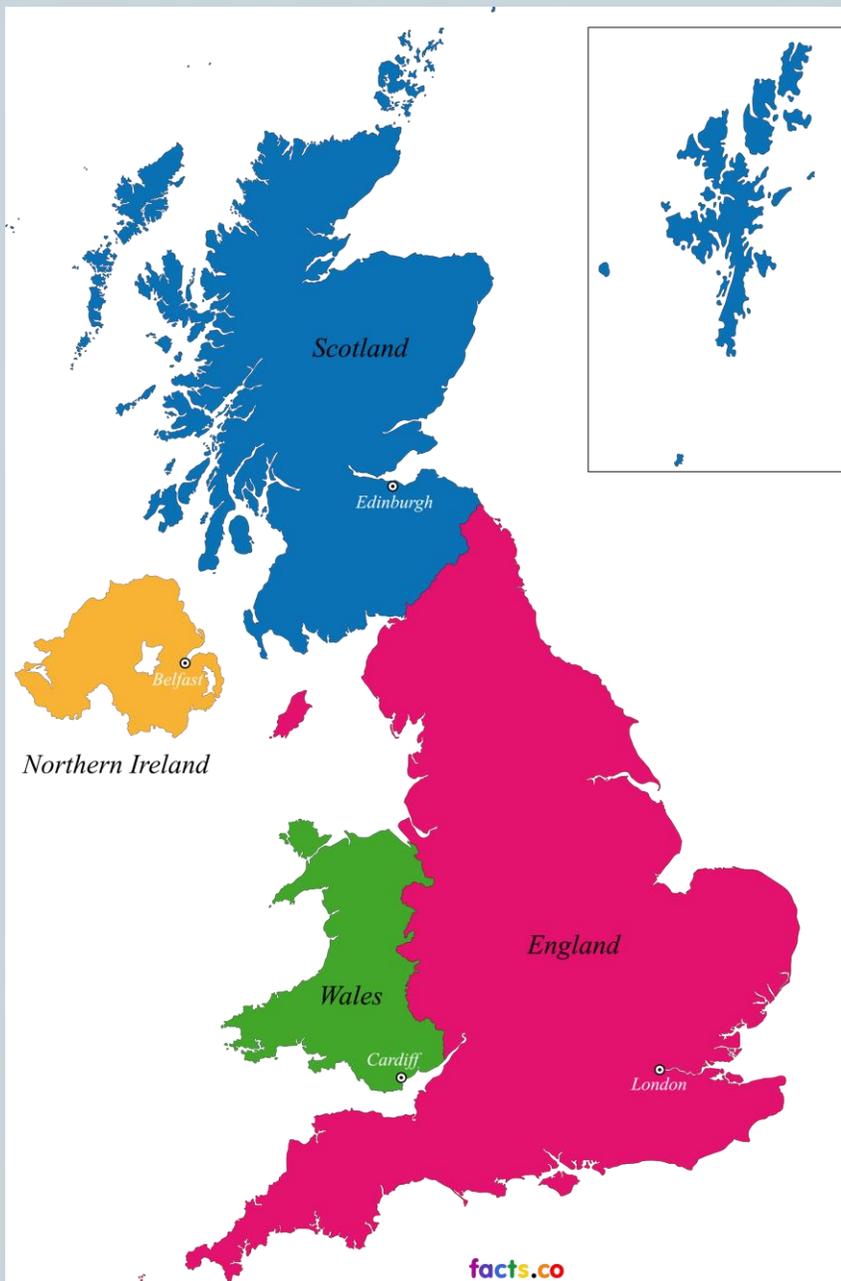


Is made up of **FOUR** countries, label them on your map and add a dot to show the location of each of their capital cities. Title the map and glue it in!!

BONUS: What's the main island called?

BONUS #2: What are the five countries collectively known as?





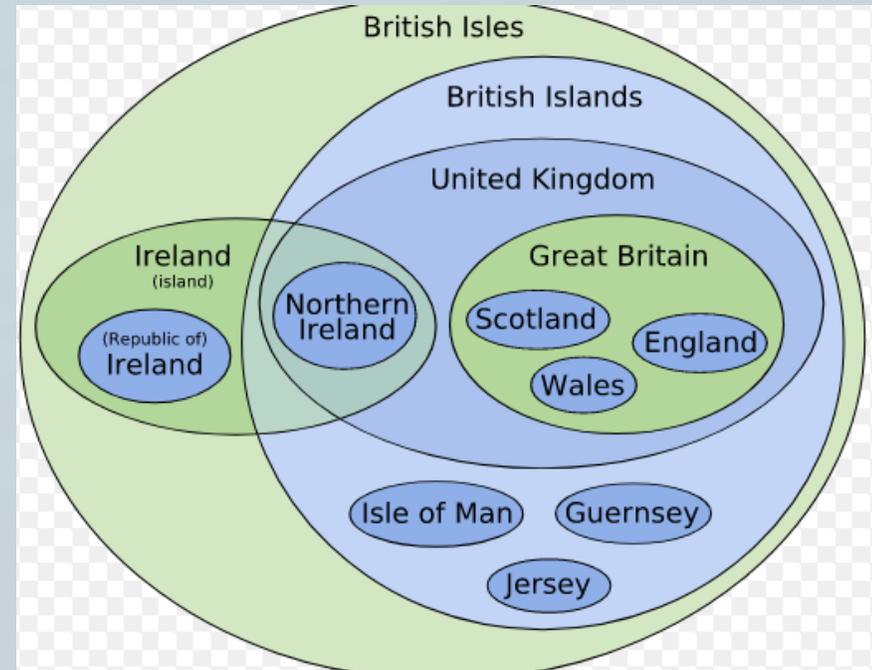
3 mins

Prepare for Learning
Are you ready?

Mapskills accuracy check

/4 for the country names

/4 for the capital city locations and names!



UK: Major Cities Map

8 mins



A
E
G
B
N
L
M
L
N
B
C
C
B
L
B
P
P

Label your map neatly. You may wish to number the places on the outline map then add a key to your book



UK: Population density

Describe the UK's pattern of population density

The UK's population is **UNEVENLY** distributed.

The most _____ populated areas, contain _____ people per sq.km and are located

S _____ populated areas contain _____ people per sq.km and are mostly located

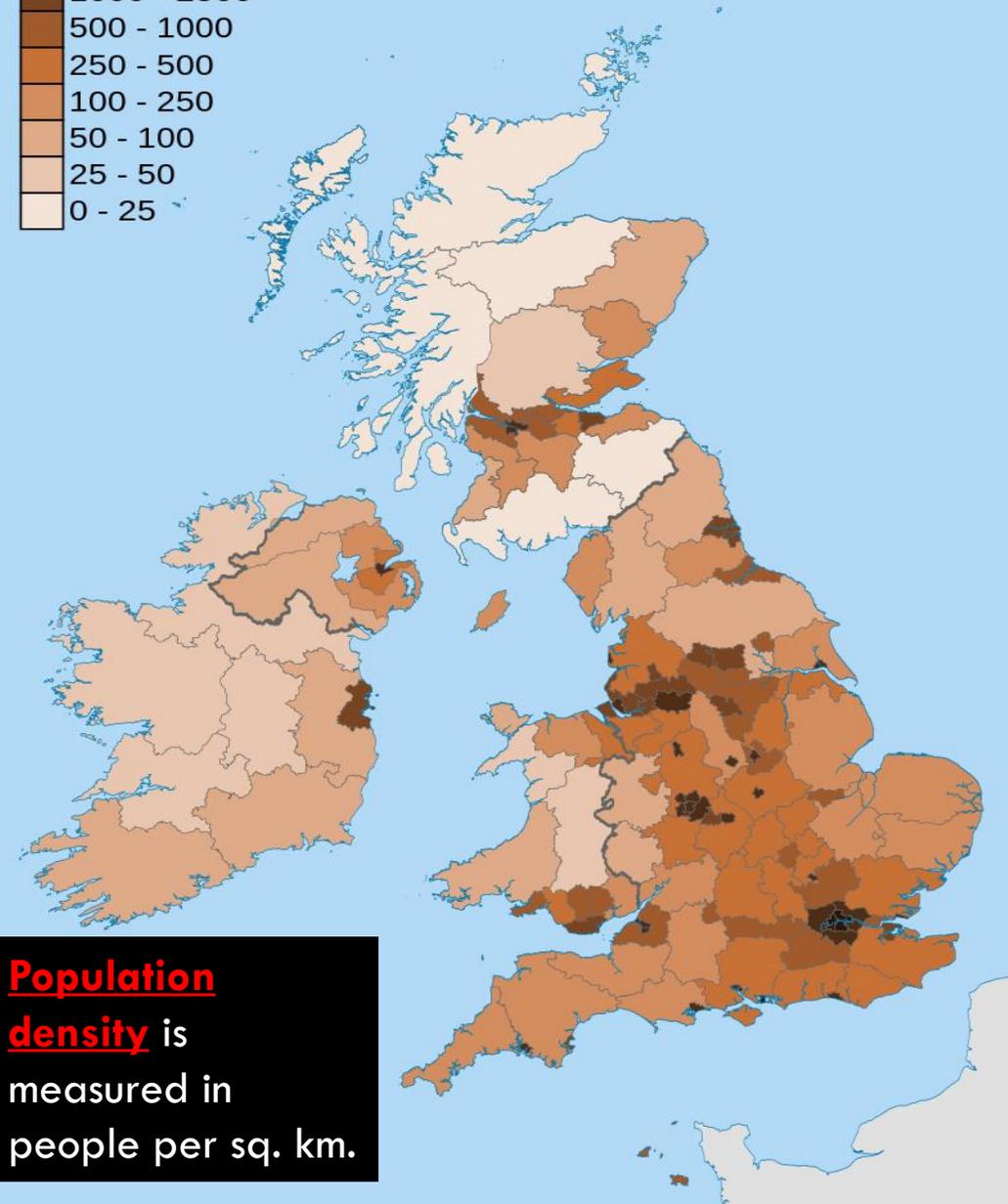
England typically has a population density of _____, whereas Scotland, Northern Ireland and Wales it is typically _____.

Most urban areas in all four countries have population densities of _____.

Population density



How does this link back to Urban Futures?



Population density is measured in people per sq. km.

UK: Population density

The UK's population is UNEVENLY distributed.

The most _____ populated areas, contain _____ people per sq.km and are located

S _____ populated areas contain _____ people per sq.km and are mostly located

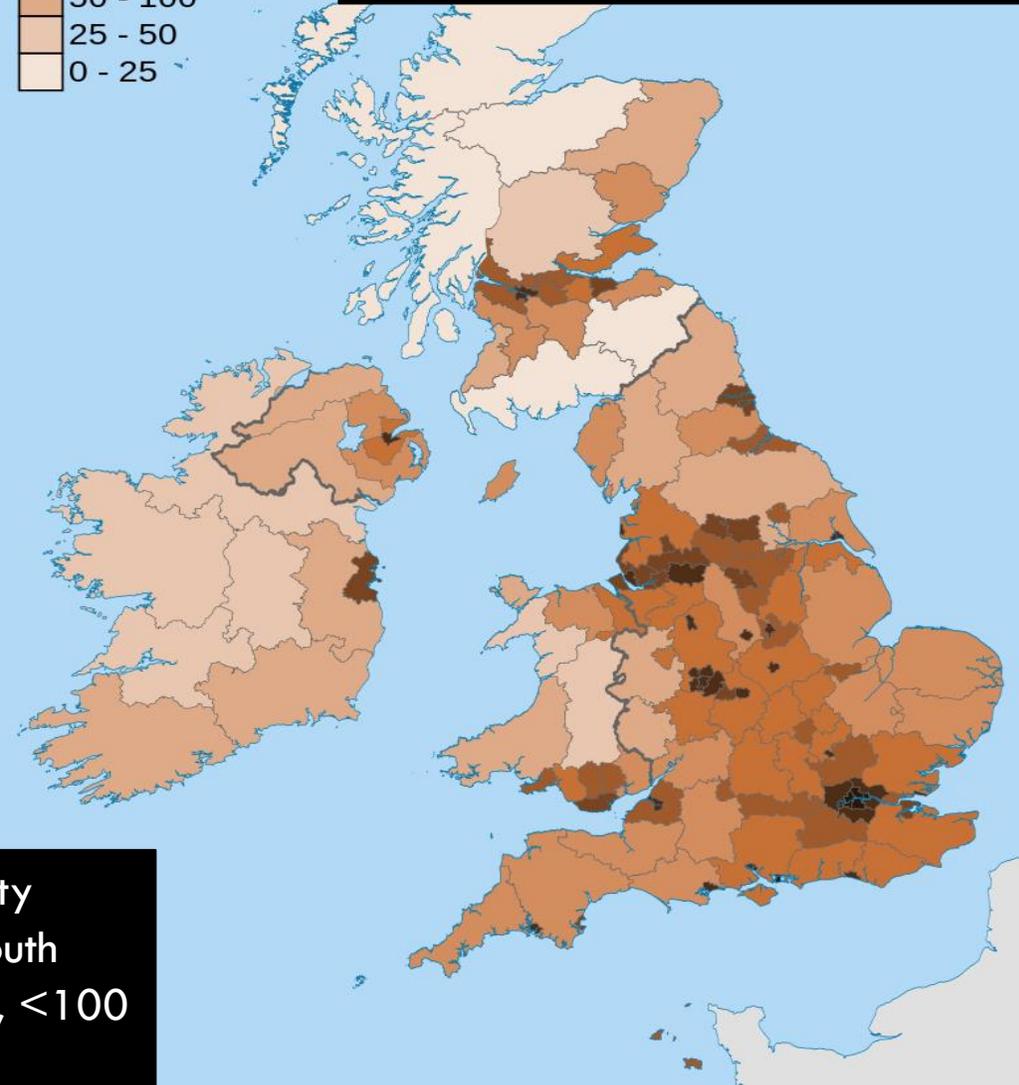
England typically has a population density of _____, whereas in Scotland, Northern Ireland and Wales it is typically _____ .

Most urban areas in all four countries have population densities of _____

Population density



Wales- Areas with higher densities are concentrated in the south around the capital, Cardiff. The central regions have the lowest densities (0-25 per sq.km).



Scotland- Only the areas between the two major cities (Edinburgh and Glasgow) have population densities over 1,000. To the south and north population density decreases and is typically very low density (25 people per sq.km).

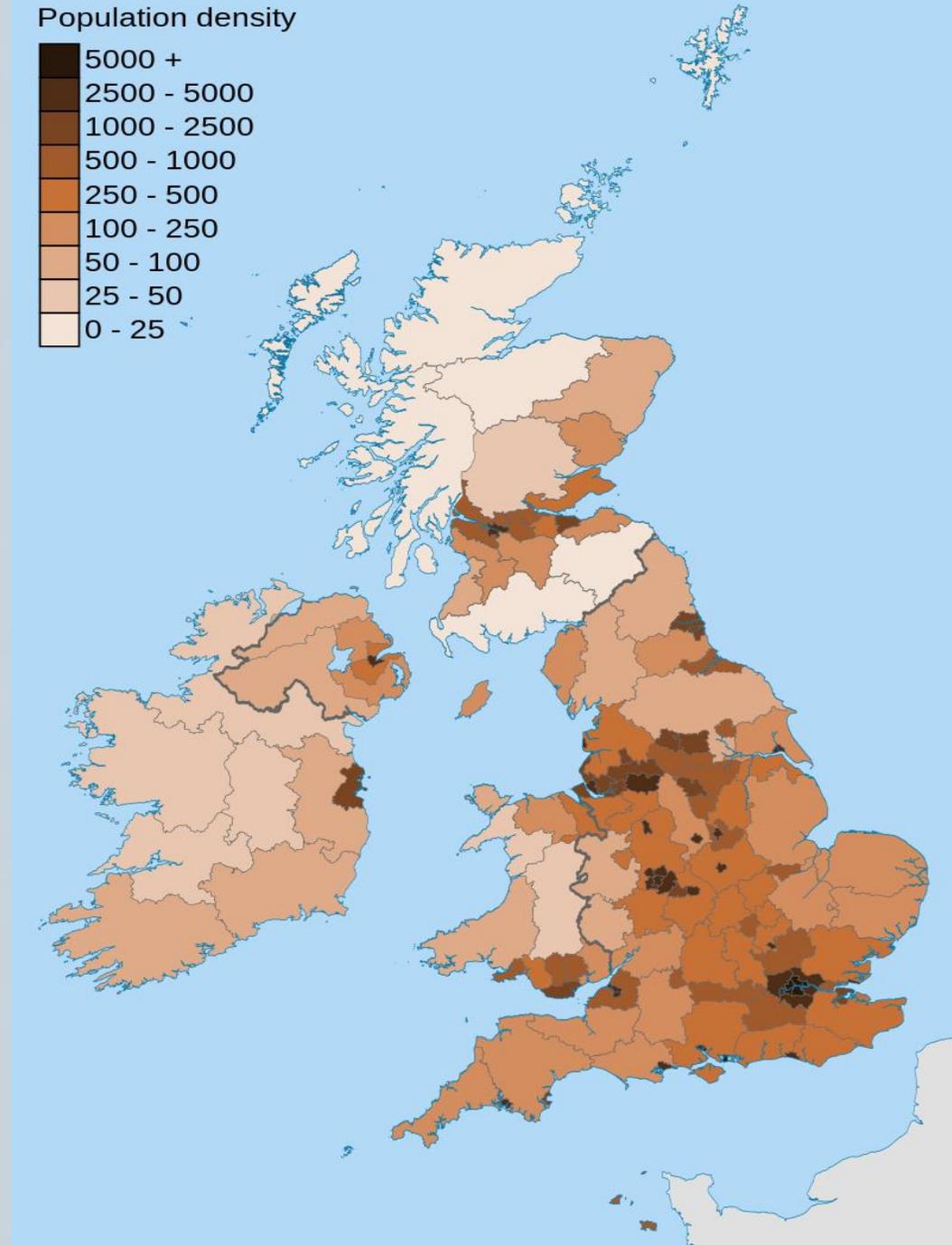
England- Mostly has a high density (250+ people per sq.km) . The south west and east has lower densities, <100 people per sq.km.

UK: Population density

Why is our population distributed in this way?

PHYSICAL FACTORS	HUMAN FACTORS
W.S. R C S V N.R. aka R.M.	A C E G T

Population density





**APPLY TO
DEMONSTRATE**

SHOW THAT I UNDERSTAND



LONDON – ENGLAND'S CAPITAL CITY IN CRISIS???

Page
217

15
mins



Population Density = ?? per square kilometre

Why so popular?

CHALLENGE = H. S.

Reason(s)????

Most affected persons = ??

Reason(s)????



LONDON'S HOUSING CRISIS



Single Londoners can expect to have to save for more than 29 years before being able to put down a 20 per cent deposit on a home.

House prices are rising so quickly in London that deposit sizes are outstripping the ability of first-time buyers to save.

10
mins

House prices in London are rising by more than 20% a year, the Office for National Statistics figures show.

The city needs 63,000 new homes each year, but only a third of these are being built while a "lost generation is being ruled out of ownership" due to "soaring rents, poor conditions and rising homelessness",



LEARNING IS SUCCESSFUL NOW I ...

Know:

- The difference between GB, UK and British Isles
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Understand:

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REVIEW

WHAT HAVE I LEARNT?



Review time

5
mins

- 1) This 's' is a measure of density
- 2) This 'L' has a problem.....
- 3) These two P's are cities on the south coast
- 4) These two 'L's' are northern cities
- 5) Mountain range directly N of Manchester
- 6) The answer could be 3,4 or 5?
- 7) England's PD is typically ?? persons per sq km



Homework

7
mins

Your first home of your own

1. Where would you like to live? [Telford or A N Other location].
2. What type of accommodation would you like to live in? [get a screen shot]
3. What would this cost (a) to buy? (b) to rent? Do some internet research
4. How much would a mortgage cost per month? [online mortgage calculator]
5. How much will you need to earn to pay for this? [Bearing in mind bills (gas, electric, phone, water, council tax, food etc) will cost approx. 50% as much as your mortgage or rent per month]

Due: